310/5

Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF GEOGRAPHER

Ottawa.	OCT1	8 190)5	
COULD CO.	 			

DEAR SIR,

I wish to obtain information respecting the derivation of the place-names of Canada—of the names of the villages, towns, cities and of the natural features, such as rivers, lakes, capes, bays, mountains, etc.—and shall be much obliged if you will give me any information that you may possess or can procure, respecting the below-mentioned name and also respecting the names of any other features in the vicinity of your residence concerning which you have knowledge.

In many localties, the older generation is passing, or has passed away, and unless steps are taken to collect this information, it will, in many instances, be too late. In most communities there are persons who take an interest in things of this nature or that have been connected with the early settlement of the locality. If there are any such in your neighbourhood, will you kindly submit this to them.

Below I have indicated the lines along which I desire information and also the commoner derivatives of place-names in Canada:—

- (1.) Whether named after a village, town, or city, or natural feature in any other province or country; if so, the name of province or country in which the original locality is situated.
- (2.) Whether named after a person; if so, the person's name, occupation, spelling of name as rendered by the person and any details of interest respecting him (or her) such as (a) Whether alive or, if dead, approximate year of death; (b) Whether at any time a resident of the locality and, if so, whether still living there.
- (3.) Whether named after a natural feature; if so, any details respecting the origin of the name as applied to the feature and the geographical position of the latter.
- (4.) Whether the town, village or city ever had any other name or names; if so, at what dates, approximately, and the origin of these obsolete names.

Any information bearing on the above will be deemed a courtesy.

Yours truly,

JAMES WHITE,

Geographer.

Kindly write your reply on the attached sheet.

To ensure free transmission of your reply I enclose herewith an addressed envelope which will come free of postage.

Midhurst Sincor bo och

Midhurst Postoffice in The Township of Vespra Co Loncoe, nomen named by the F.O. authorities after a small town of that name in England, Opened in the year 1864, with the present poolmatter in charge Previous to 1864 the settlement was known as Oliver's Mills In the year 1830, one George Oliver received a grant from fovernment of. a Water power and 200 acres of land on condition of himbuilding a grist and Daw mill which was built and operated by him and his partner Thos Mairs. Home the name of Oliver's millo". The surrounding Country at that time Contained very valuable fine and and other timber which was of no value but considered by the mothers as an Encumbrance of their work theland for crops, and only to be got rid of by burning, Subsequently however the timber became very valuable and fortunes were made out of it. Oliver's mill's (now Midherat) became a beery lamby vellage with several aw mills in its vicinity and a disteles making whiskey and selling it at 25 the gal to the settlers who bought it by the bar! In 1854 Vespra, he Heato worth united for Municipal purposes with Barrie Flor and Sunnedale, became a Separale Municipality, built a Township tall at Medheurst, still used for Council meetings Ete, and appointed the present execution of the office, their Clork and Treasurer. I Sneath 1. M. Medhurst

The Divius mills

The wester of the within him some show in his 86th year of agehus been a resident of the Town shop of Vespra some the year 1842 and is now the obsert levery becomes prover settler of the Iswards, Any other suformation of the Sownship of Vespra or Medhorst you may require if in two power, he will be only